

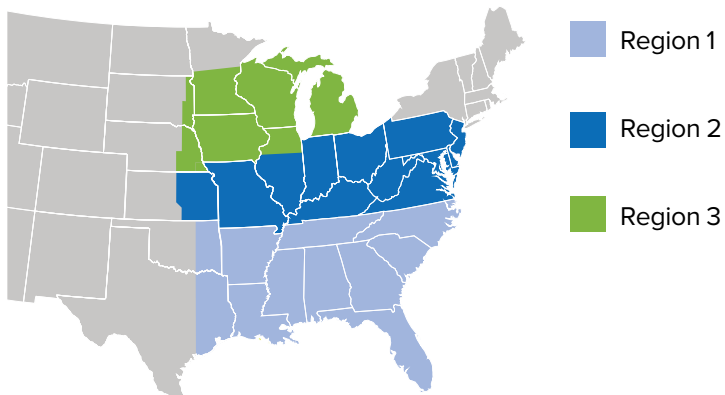
FLEXIBLE. CROP SAFE. EFFECTIVE.

Excellent Soybean Safety, Broad Application Window and Residual Control



Proven Weed Management in Soybeans

Scepter® is a proven tool for weed management in soybean production. It is a flexible, crop safe and effective residual component for soybean herbicide programs.



Application Timing	Maximum Rate ¹ (oz/A)	Use Regions	Rainfall ² (inches)
Preplant/Preemergence	2.8	1, 2	15
Postemergence	1.4	1, 2, 3	10

¹Maximum rate allowing rotational corn 9.5 months after application.

²Minimum rainfall/irrigation required from application through 6 months (region 1) or October 31 (regions 2, 3) the same year.

Provides residual control of volunteer corn, winter annuals, and broadleaf weeds such as cocklebur, sunflower, lambsquarters, and ragweeds

Application Timings

- Preplant and preemergence: Provides activity on grass and broadleaf weeds while extending postemergence application window
- Postemergence: Provides control of volunteer corn and cocklebur while extending residual management of select grass and broadleaf weeds through canopy closure
- Post-harvest: Provides residual control to minimize weed emergence from fall through early spring to provide maximum flexibility for burndown applications

Use rate is not dependent on soil type, organic matter or pH

Pre-harvest interval of 90 days

When Scepter is applied to the soil, rainfall or irrigation is required to move herbicide into the root zone. Weeds uptake the herbicide by roots and foliage, growth stops and susceptible weeds die or are not competitive with the soybean crop.

ALS-resistant biotypes of some weeds may not be effectively controlled by **Scepter** and other group 2 ALS inhibitor herbicides.

See our entire line of products at AMVAC.com



PREPLANT AND PREEMERGENCE RECOMMENDATIONS

Key Tank-Mix Combinations

(Check label for rates, use restrictions, regional guidelines/restrictions, as well as other use patterns)

Preplant burndown and preemergence applications:

Scepter should be applied at 2.1–2.8 oz/A with a burndown herbicide and/or a group 15 herbicide

Tank mix partners can include:

- flumioxazin
- fomesafen
- metribuzin
- sulfentrazone

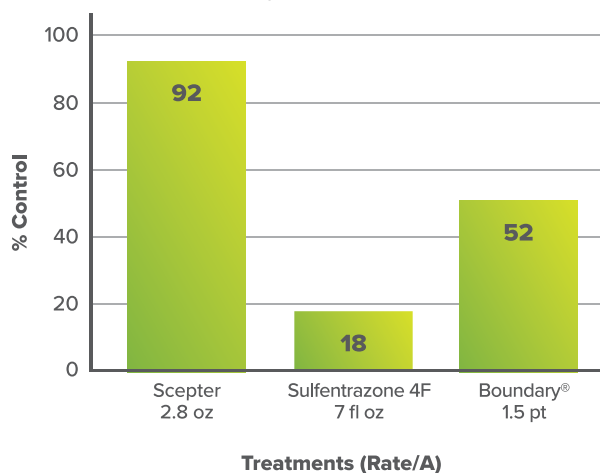
Postemergence application: **Scepter** should be applied at 1.0-1.4* oz/A

Tank mix partners potentially include:

- 2,4-D (such as Enlist One®)
- Dicamba (such as Engenia® and XtendiMax®)
- Fomesafen
- Glufosinate
- Glyphosate

Scepter® Applied Preemergence in Soybean

Cocklebur Control
Summary of Two Locations - 2017



Means of summary across trials reported. Rates are product amount per acre.

Scepter for Volunteer Corn Management

Preplant, preemergence, and postemergence volunteer corn activity

Residual control minimizes corn seedling growth from buried ears

Ideal tank mix partner for broadleaf herbicides that reduce ACCase/Group 1 herbicide grass control

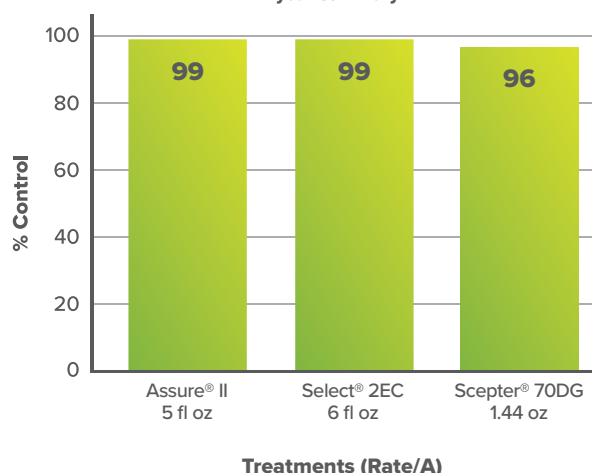
Timings and Rates

- Preplant or preemergence: 1.25-2.8* oz/A with your herbicide program will suppress volunteer corn emergence
- Postemergence volunteer corn management
 - Apply Scepter at 1.0 to 1.4 oz/A
 - Include MSO @ 1% v/v and UAN @ 2.5% v/v or AMS 2-3 lb/A
 - Apply before corn exceeds 8-inch height
 - Stops corn growth, may not be lethal
 - Tank mixtures with Group 1 herbicides may reduce grass control

*Refer to the Scepter label for region use rate and rotational crop restrictions

Postemergence Control of Volunteer Corn in Soybean

4-year Summary



Applied to volunteer corn up to 10 inches tall in University of Illinois weed control trials, 1999-2002. Control rated 17-27 days after application.